

APTX antibody

Product Information

Catalog No.: FNab10359

Size: 100μg Form: liquid

Purification: Immunogen affinity purified

Purity: ≥95% as determined by SDS-PAGE

Host: Rabbit

Clonality: polyclonal

Clone ID: None IsoType: IgG

Storage: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol pH 7.3, -20°C for 12

months (Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.)

Background

APTX, also named as Aprataxin, is a nuclear protein, present in both the nucleoplasm and the nucleolus, which is a member of the histidine triad (HIT) superfamily. APTX is involved in DNA single-strand break repair, mediating protein-protein interactions with molecules responding to DNA damage. APTX contains three conserved domains: an N-terminal forkhead-associated (FHA) domain which mediates protein-protein interactions, a HIT domain that is similar to Hint, and a C-terminal zinc finger domain. Loss of function mutations in APTX, the gene encoding for Aprataxin, destabilize the Aprataxin protein and result in a rare neurological disorder known as ataxia-oculomotor apraxia, characterized by abnormal movements of the head and eyes.

Immunogen information

Immunogen: aprataxin

Synonyms: Aprataxin|Forkhead-associated domain histidine triad-like protein (FHA-

HIT)|APTX|AXA1

Observed MW: 40 kDa Uniprot ID: Q7Z2E3

Application

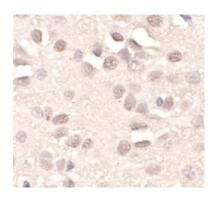
Reactivity: Human



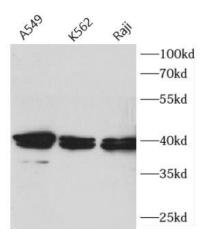
Tested Application: ELISA, WB, IHC

Recommended dilution: WB: 1:500 - 1:2000; IHC: 1:20 - 1:200

Image:



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded rat brain using FNab10359(APTX antibody) at dilution of 1:100



Various lysates were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with FNab10359(APTX antibody) at dilution of 1:1000